

Simulation Exercises:

1. (L.L.N) Demonstrate the Law of Large Numbers for the Normal Distribution.
 - Sample $n = 1000$ standard normal random values and put them in a vector z .
 - Write an S-plus function to compute the cumulative mean.
 - Create a vector $x = [1, 2, \dots, n]$.
 - Compute the cumulative mean vector y from z .
 - Make a convergence plot of y versus x .
 - Approximate the probability that $|y| > \varepsilon$.
 - Hint: Here is the splus code for the cummean function:

```
# cummean function: calculates the cumulative mean of a vector.
```

```
cummean <- function(x){  
  
  n <- length(x)  
  
  y <- numeric(n)  
  
  z <- c(1:n)  
  
  y <- cumsum(x)  
  
  y <- y/z  
  
  return(y)  
  
}
```

2. (C.L.T.) Demonstrate the Central Limit Theorem for the Normal and Exponential Distributions.
 - Sample $k = 1000$ samples of size $n = 30$ from the $Normal(5, 2)$.
 - Compute the mean of the k samples.
 - Draw a histogram of these samples.
 - Describe the shape of the histogram.
 - Do the above steps again with the $Exp(\lambda = \frac{1}{3})$.
3. Demonstrate the independence of the sample mean and variance when sampling from the $Normal(5, 2)$.
 - Sample $k = 1000$ samples of size $n = 30$ from the $Normal(5, 2)$.
 - Compute the sample mean and standard deviation of the k samples.
 - Plot the samples means versus the sample standard deviation.
 - Compute the correlation between the means and standard deviation.
 - Do the above steps again with the $Exp(\lambda = \frac{1}{3})$.