

Tibbles and Tidy Data

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Today we will take a look at tibbles, tribbles, and importing data

```
library(tidyverse)
```

Traditional data.frame

```
my.data <- data.frame(  
  x1 = c(12,34,45),  
  x2 = c("M","F", "F")  
)  
my.data
```

```
##   x1 x2  
## 1 12  M  
## 2 34  F  
## 3 45  F
```

```
class(my.data)
```

```
## [1] "data.frame"
```

The new data_frame tibble

```
my_data <- data_frame(  
  x1 = c(12,34,45),  
  x2 = c("M","F", "F")  
)  
my_data
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 2  
##       x1 x2  
##   <dbl> <chr>  
## 1    12 M  
## 2    34 F  
## 3    45 F
```

```
class(my_data)
```

```
## [1] "tbl_df"      "tbl"        "data.frame"
```

```
mtcars
```

```
##           mpg cyl  disp  hp drat   wt  qsec vs am gear carb  
## Mazda RX4      21.0   6 160.0 110 3.90 2.620 16.46  0  1    4    4  
## Mazda RX4 Wag  21.0   6 160.0 110 3.90 2.875 17.02  0  1    4    4  
## Datsun 710      22.8   4 108.0  93 3.85 2.320 18.61  1  1    4    1  
## Hornet 4 Drive  21.4   6 258.0 110 3.08 3.215 19.44  1  0    3    1
```

```
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7 8 360.0 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0 3 2
## Valiant 18.1 6 225.0 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0 3 1
## Duster 360 14.3 8 360.0 245 3.21 3.570 15.84 0 0 3 4
## Merc 240D 24.4 4 146.7 62 3.69 3.190 20.00 1 0 4 2
## Merc 230 22.8 4 140.8 95 3.92 3.150 22.90 1 0 4 2
## Merc 280 19.2 6 167.6 123 3.92 3.440 18.30 1 0 4 4
## Merc 280C 17.8 6 167.6 123 3.92 3.440 18.90 1 0 4 4
## Merc 450SE 16.4 8 275.8 180 3.07 4.070 17.40 0 0 3 3
## Merc 450SL 17.3 8 275.8 180 3.07 3.730 17.60 0 0 3 3
## Merc 450SLC 15.2 8 275.8 180 3.07 3.780 18.00 0 0 3 3
## Cadillac Fleetwood 10.4 8 472.0 205 2.93 5.250 17.98 0 0 3 4
## Lincoln Continental 10.4 8 460.0 215 3.00 5.424 17.82 0 0 3 4
## Chrysler Imperial 14.7 8 440.0 230 3.23 5.345 17.42 0 0 3 4
## Fiat 128 32.4 4 78.7 66 4.08 2.200 19.47 1 1 4 1
## Honda Civic 30.4 4 75.7 52 4.93 1.615 18.52 1 1 4 2
## Toyota Corolla 33.9 4 71.1 65 4.22 1.835 19.90 1 1 4 1
## Toyota Corona 21.5 4 120.1 97 3.70 2.465 20.01 1 0 3 1
## Dodge Challenger 15.5 8 318.0 150 2.76 3.520 16.87 0 0 3 2
## AMC Javelin 15.2 8 304.0 150 3.15 3.435 17.30 0 0 3 2
## Camaro Z28 13.3 8 350.0 245 3.73 3.840 15.41 0 0 3 4
## Pontiac Firebird 19.2 8 400.0 175 3.08 3.845 17.05 0 0 3 2
## Fiat X1-9 27.3 4 79.0 66 4.08 1.935 18.90 1 1 4 1
## Porsche 914-2 26.0 4 120.3 91 4.43 2.140 16.70 0 1 5 2
## Lotus Europa 30.4 4 95.1 113 3.77 1.513 16.90 1 1 5 2
## Ford Pantera L 15.8 8 351.0 264 4.22 3.170 14.50 0 1 5 4
## Ferrari Dino 19.7 6 145.0 175 3.62 2.770 15.50 0 1 5 6
## Maserati Bora 15.0 8 301.0 335 3.54 3.570 14.60 0 1 5 8
## Volvo 142E 21.4 4 121.0 109 4.11 2.780 18.60 1 1 4 2
```

```
class(mtcars)
```

```
## [1] "data.frame"
```

```
mtcars <- as.tibble(mtcars)
mtcars
```

```
## # A tibble: 32 x 11
##   mpg   cyl  disp    hp  drat    wt  qsec    vs  am  gear  carb
##   * <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1  21     6  160   110  3.9   2.62  16.5     0     1     4     4
## 2  21     6  160   110  3.9   2.88  17.0     0     1     4     4
## 3 22.8     4  108    93  3.85  2.32  18.6     1     1     4     1
## 4 21.4     6  258   110  3.08  3.22  19.4     1     0     3     1
## 5 18.7     8  360   175  3.15  3.44  17.0     0     0     3     2
## 6 18.1     6  225   105  2.76  3.46  20.2     1     0     3     1
## 7 14.3     8  360   245  3.21  3.57  15.8     0     0     3     4
## 8 24.4     4  147.    62  3.69  3.19  20.0     1     0     4     2
## 9 22.8     4  141.    95  3.92  3.15  22.9     1     0     4     2
## 10 19.2     6  168.   123  3.92  3.44  18.3     1     0     4     4
## # ... with 22 more rows
```

tribble

```

my_data <- tribble(
  ~x1, ~x2,
  12,  "M",
  34,  "F",
  45,  "F"
)
my_data

## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    12 M
## 2    34 F
## 3    45 F

class(my_data)

## [1] "tbl_df"      "tbl"        "data.frame"

```

Access rows and columns

```

my_data

## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    12 M
## 2    34 F
## 3    45 F

```

columns

```
my_data[1]
```

```

## # A tibble: 3 x 1
##       x1
##   <dbl>
## 1    12
## 2    34
## 3    45

```

```
my_data[[1]]
```

```
## [1] 12 34 45
```

```
my_data$x1
```

```
## [1] 12 34 45
```

```
my_data$x2
```

```
## [1] "M" "F" "F"
```

rows

```
my_data[1,]
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    12 M
```

```
my_data[2,]
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    34 F
```

```
my_data[3,]
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    45 F
```

Read comma separated value data

```
my_data2 <- read_csv(
  "x1, x2
  12, M
  34, F
  45, F"
)
my_data2
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##       x1 x2
##   <int> <chr>
## 1    12 M
## 2    34 F
## 3    45 F
```

Parsing

```
x <- c("TRUE", "FALSE", "FALSE")
str(x)
```

```
## chr [1:3] "TRUE" "FALSE" "FALSE"
```

```
class(x)
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
x <- parse_logical(x)
str(x)
```

```
## logi [1:3] TRUE FALSE FALSE
```

```
class(x)
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

```

x <- c(23,34,45)
str(x)

##  num [1:3] 23 34 45
class(x)

## [1] "numeric"
x <- parse_integer(x)
str(x)

##  int [1:3] 23 34 45
class(x)

## [1] "integer"
x <- c("2018-10-06", "2018-10-07", "2018-10-08")
str(x)

##  chr [1:3] "2018-10-06" "2018-10-07" "2018-10-08"
class(x)

## [1] "character"
x <- parse_date(x)
str(x)

##  Date[1:3], format: "2018-10-06" "2018-10-07" "2018-10-08"
class(x)

## [1] "Date"
problems(x)

## # tibble [0 x 4]
## # ... with 4 variables: row <int>, col <int>, expected <chr>, actual <chr>
x <- parse_number(x)
str(x)

##  num [1:3] 2018 2018 2018
class(x)

## [1] "numeric"
x <- parse_double(x)
str(x)

##  num [1:3] 2018 2018 2018
class(x)

## [1] "numeric"

```

Strings, ASCII code

```
charToRaw("Prof. Suess")
```

```
## [1] 50 72 6f 66 2e 20 53 75 65 73 73
```

Dates

```
parse_date("2018-10-08")
```

```
## [1] "2018-10-08"
```

```
library(hms)
```

```
parse_time("06:30 pm")
```

```
## 18:30:00
```

```
parse_date("10/08/18", "%m/%d/%y")
```

```
## [1] "2018-10-08"
```

Parsing a file

This is a useful section to read over. It is about read an external .csv file into R.

```
challenge <- read_csv(readr_example("challenge.csv"))
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
```

```
## cols(
```

```
##   x = col_integer(),
```

```
##   y = col_character()
```

```
## )
```

```
## Warning in rbind(names(probs), probs_f): number of columns of result is not
```

```
## a multiple of vector length (arg 1)
```

```
## Warning: 1000 parsing failures.
```

```
## row # A tibble: 5 x 5 col      row col   expected      actual      file
```

```
## ... ..
```

```
## See problems(...) for more details.
```

```
problems(challenge)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 5
```

```
##   row col   expected      actual      file
```

```
##   <int> <chr> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>
```

```
## 1 1001 x   no trailing c~ .238379750~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 2 1002 x   no trailing c~ .411679971~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 3 1003 x   no trailing c~ .746071676~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 4 1004 x   no trailing c~ .723450553~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 5 1005 x   no trailing c~ .614524137~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 6 1006 x   no trailing c~ .473980569~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 7 1007 x   no trailing c~ .578461039~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 8 1008 x   no trailing c~ .241593722~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 9 1009 x   no trailing c~ .114378662~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## 10 1010 x   no trailing c~ .298344632~ '/home/esuess/R/x86_64-pc-linux~
```

```
## # ... with 990 more rows
```

```
challenge <- read_csv(
  readr_example("challenge.csv"),
  col_types = cols(
    x = col_integer(),
    y = col_character()
  )
)
```

```
## Warning in rbind(names(probs), probs_f): number of columns of result is not
## a multiple of vector length (arg 1)
```

```
## Warning: 1000 parsing failures.
```

```
## row # A tibble: 5 x 5 col      row col   expected      actual      file
```

```
## ... ..
```

```
## See problems(...) for more details.
```

```
challenge <- read_csv(
  readr_example("challenge.csv"),
  col_types = cols(
    x = col_double(),
    y = col_character()
  )
)
head(challenge)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
```

```
##       x y
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1   404 <NA>
## 2  4172 <NA>
## 3   3004 <NA>
## 4    787 <NA>
## 5     37 <NA>
## 6  2332 <NA>
```

```
tail(challenge)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
```

```
##       x y
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1 0.805 2019-11-21
## 2 0.164 2018-03-29
## 3 0.472 2014-08-04
## 4 0.718 2015-08-16
## 5 0.270 2020-02-04
## 6 0.608 2019-01-06
```

```
challenge <- read_csv(
  readr_example("challenge.csv"),
  col_types = cols(
    x = col_double(),
    y = col_date()
  )
)
head(challenge)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##       x y
##   <dbl> <date>
## 1   404 NA
## 2  4172 NA
## 3  3004 NA
## 4   787 NA
## 5    37 NA
## 6  2332 NA
```

```
tail(challenge)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##       x y
##   <dbl> <date>
## 1 0.805 2019-11-21
## 2 0.164 2018-03-29
## 3 0.472 2014-08-04
## 4 0.718 2015-08-16
## 5 0.270 2020-02-04
## 6 0.608 2019-01-06
```

Writing a csv

Write it, go find it, open it in MS Excel.

```
write_csv(challenge, "challenge.csv")
```

Write an .rds file. This is an R dataset file.

```
write_rds(challenge, "challenge.rds")
read_rds("challenge.rds")
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,000 x 2
##       x y
##   <dbl> <date>
## 1   404 NA
## 2  4172 NA
## 3  3004 NA
## 4   787 NA
## 5    37 NA
## 6  2332 NA
## 7  2489 NA
## 8  1449 NA
## 9  3665 NA
## 10 3863 NA
## # ... with 1,990 more rows
```